

Grammar School

Year 12 Trial WACE Examination, 2013

Question/Answer Booklet

MATHEMATICS 3C/3D Section One: Calculator-free

Student Number: In figures

If required by your examination administrator, please

place your student identification label in this box

In words

Your name

Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: five minutes Working time for this section: fifty minutes

Materials required/recommended for this section

To be provided by the supervisor

This Question/Answer Booklet Formula Sheet

To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens, pencils, pencil sharpener, eraser, correction fluid/tape, ruler, highlighters

Special items: nil

Important note to candidates

No other items may be used in this section of the examination. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of exam
Section One: Calculator-free	8	8	50	50	33
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	13	13	100	100	67
			Total	150	100

Instructions to candidates

- 1. The rules for the conduct of Western Australian external examinations are detailed in the Year 12 Information Handbook 2013. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
- 2. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this Question/Answer Booklet. Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.
 - Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
 - Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the number of the question(s) that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.
- 3. **Show all your working clearly**. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat an answer to any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
- 4. It is recommended that you **do not use pencil**, except in diagrams.

Section One: Calculator-free

This section has **eight (8)** questions. Answer **all** questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Working time for this section is 50 minutes.

Question 1

(5 marks)

The price, \$*P*, of a commodity varied continuously with time, *t* hours, according to the function $P(t) = t^3 - 9t^2 + 15t + 30$ for $0 \le t \le 3$.

Determine the lowest and highest price of the commodity.

Question 2 (6 marks)

Differentiate each of the following with respect to x, without simplifying.

(a)
$$y = x^2 e^{1-2x}$$
 (2 marks)

(b)
$$y = \frac{(5x-1)^3}{2x+1}$$

(2 marks)

(c) $y = \int_{0}^{x} \frac{2t}{(1-t^2)^2} dt$

(2 marks)

(4 marks)

As part of a product recall, a shop removed all sizes of a variety of soup from its shelves. The soup was sold in 300 mL, 500 mL and 800 mL sizes for \$4.50, \$6.00 and \$7.50 respectively. The total volume of soup in all 42 cans removed was 25 L and the value of these cans was to \$267.

If x 300 mL cans, y 500 mL cans and z 800 mL cans were removed, then some of the above information can be expressed by the equations 3x + 4y + 5z = 178 and 3x + 5y + 8z = 250.

Write down a third equation from the information and use it to find how many of each size of can were removed.

(a) Determine
$$\int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{x^2} dx$$

(b) If $f'(x) = 6x(x^2 - 7)^2$ and f(2) = -20, determine f(3).

(5 marks)

(3 marks)

6

CALCULATOR-FREE

Question 5

(8 marks)

The events *A* and *B* have the properties $P(A) = \frac{3}{8}$ and $P(A \cup B) = \frac{1}{2}$.

- (a) Determine P(B) in each of these cases:
 - (i) If *A* and *B* are mutually exclusive. (1 mark)

(ii) If
$$P(A \cap B) = \frac{3}{40}$$
. (2 marks)

(iii) If
$$P(B | A) = \frac{1}{6}$$
. (3 marks)

(b) For the case where $P(A \cap B) = \frac{3}{40}$, are A and B independent? Justify your answer.

(2 marks)

(8 marks)

Let $f(x) = ae^{bx+c}$, where *a*, *b* and *c* are constants. The graph of y = f(x) is shown below.



(a) Write down an asymptote for the graph of y = f(x). (1 mark)

(b)	Write down the range of $f(x)$.	(1 mark)
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(c) Determine with reason if *a* is negative or positive. (2 marks)

CALCULATOR-FREE

(d) Determine with reason if *b* is negative or positive.

(e) Sketch the graph of $y = af(x - \frac{c}{b})$ on the same axes as the graph of y = f(x) on page 8. (2 marks)

ΜΑΤ	HEMATICS 3C/3D	10	CALCULATOR-FREE
Ques	stion 7		(6 marks)
(a)	Write down the values of m^2 + 7 for m	= 1, 3, 5, 7 and 9.	(1 mark)

- (b) State the largest integer, p, that $m^2 + 7$ is always divisible by, when m is a positive odd integer. (1 mark)
- (c) Prove that $m^2 + 7$ is always divisible by p when m is a positive odd integer. (4 marks)

(8 marks)

Two functions are defined by $f(x) = x^2 - 2$ and $g(x) = 4 - \frac{1}{2}x^2$. Their graphs are shown below.



- (a) State the coordinates of the local minimum point of f(x) and the local maximum point of g(x). (2 marks)
- (b) Find the coordinates of the points of intersection of f(x) and g(x). (2 marks)

(c) The region enclosed by f(x) and g(x) is rotated about the *y*-axis. Find the volume of the solid formed. (4 marks)

Additional working space

Question number: _____

Additional working space

Question number: _____



Grammar School

Year 12 Trial WACE Examination, 2013

Question/Answer Booklet

MATHEMATICS 3C/3D Section Two:

Calculator-assumed

Student Number: In

	-	
In	figures	

If required by your examination administrator, please

place your student identification label in this box

In words

Your name

Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes Working time for this section: one hundred minutes

Materials required/recommended for this section

To be provided by the supervisor

This Question/Answer Booklet Formula Sheet (retained from Section One)

To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens, pencils, pencil sharpener, eraser, correction fluid/tape, ruler, highlighters

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators satisfying the conditions set by the Curriculum Council for this examination.

Important note to candidates

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Section Two: Calculator-assumed

This section has **thirteen (13)** questions. Answer **all** questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Working time for this section is 100 minutes.

Question 9

Part of the graph of y = f(x) is shown below. The areas of regions A and B, bounded by the curve and the *x*-axis, are 9 and 1 square units respectively.



Evaluate



5	2			

(b)
$$\int_{0}^{3} f(x) dx$$
 (1 mark)

(c)
$$\int_{0}^{2} 2f(x) - 3 dx$$
 (2 marks)

(4 marks)

(1 mark)

(6 marks)

Let $f(x) = \sqrt{3x+3}$ and $g(x) = 2^x - 3$.

(a) Determine a simplified expression for f(g(x)) and hence state the domain of f(g(x)). (3 marks)

(b) Write down an expression for g(f(x)) and determine the range of this composite function. (3 marks)

MATHEMATICS 3C/3D

Question 11 (7 marks) The population P, in thousands, of a city was observed to grow according to the model $P = 23.5e^{kt}$, where t is the time in months from January 1, 2004.

What was the population of the city on January 1, 2004? (1 mark) (a)

(b) Show that this growth model satisfies the equation
$$\frac{dP}{dt} = kP$$
. (1 mark)

During January 2004, the population of the city increased by 56 people.

Determine the value of k, rounding your answer to three significant figures. (2 marks) (C)

According to the model, during which month of which year did the population of the city (d) first exceed 26 thousand people? (3 marks)

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(7 marks)

A sports medical unit performs urine tests to detect the presence of a certain steroid. It is known that for 89% of samples containing the steroid, the test indicates its presence except for 2% of samples free of the steroid, the test falsely indicates its presence.

At a large event, the medical unit suspects that 8% of the athletes are using the steroid and plan to randomly sample urine from 25% of the athletes.

Calculate the probability that

- (a) a randomly chosen athlete who does not use the steroid is selected for a urine test and the test falsely indicates its presence. (1 mark)
- (b) the test indicates the presence of the steroid in a urine sample from a randomly chosen athlete. (3 marks)

(c) the urine of a randomly chosen athlete contains the steroid, given that the test does not indicate its presence. (3 marks)

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MATHEMATICS 3C/3D

Question 13(7 marks)The ratio of height (h) : radius (r) for a particular cone is 2 : 3.(a) Show that the volume of the cone is given by $V = \frac{3\pi h^3}{4}$.(2 marks)

7

(b) An inverted cone with the above proportions is being filled with water at a rate of 200 cm³ per second. At what rate is the depth of water in the cone increasing at the time when the depth is 6 cm? (3 marks)

(c) Using the formula $\delta V = \frac{dV}{dh} \delta h$, find the approximate increase in the volume of water in the cone as the depth of water increases from 6 cm to 6.05 cm. (2 marks)

When the batteries of an analogue alarm clock fail, both hands of the clock stop in a random position.

The clockwise angle from 12 at which the hour hand stops is uniformly distributed between 0° and 360° with a mean of 180° and a standard deviation of 104° .

(a) What is the probability that the hour hand of an analogue alarm clock stops at an angle between 120° and 210°? (1 mark)

(b) Five analogue alarm clocks stop independently of each other. Determine the probability that none of their hour hands stop at an angle between 120° and 210°. (2 marks)

 100 analogue alarm clocks stop independently of each other. Use the Central Limit Theorem to estimate the probability that the mean of the 100 angles at which the hour hands stop is less than 160°.
(3 marks)



(8 marks)

Feedback to a customer service call centre indicates that 46% of customers are currently satisfied with the response to their inquiry. The centre management wants to improve this percentage and plans to replace the existing system with a new system.

Let the discrete random variable X represent the number of the next 200 callers who will be satisfied with the response to their inquiry using the existing call centre system.

(a) Define the probability distribution of *X*. (2 marks)

(b) Calculate the mean and standard deviation of X. (2 marks)

(c) What is the probability that more than half of the next 200 callers will be satisfied with the response to their inquiry using the existing call centre system? (2 marks)

(d) After implementing the new system, customer feedback indicates that 101 out of the next 200 callers were satisfied with the response to their inquiry. Is this strong evidence that the new system is an improvement over the existing system?
(2 marks)

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The graph of the continuous function y = f(x) has a local minimum at (0,0), a horizontal point of inflection at (-3,2.25) and no other stationary points. The graph also has a point of inflection at (-1,1).

(a) Sketch a possible graph of y = f(x) on the axes below. (3 marks)



(c) Sketch a possible graph of y = f'(x) on the axes below.







(10 marks)

(3 marks)

10

(9 marks)

An internet service provider plans to sample the volume of content downloaded per day by customers subscribing to their ADSL20 plan. From recent research, the company knew that the standard deviation of the volume of downloads per customer was 1.4 GB.

(a) Determine how large a sample the company should take in order to be 90% confident that the mean volume of downloads per customer calculated from their sample is within
0.25 GB of the true population mean.
(3 marks)

(b) A random selection of 25 subscribers was made and the total volume downloaded by these customers over a 24 hour period was 120 GB. Calculate a 95% confidence interval for the mean volume of content downloaded per day by a customer. (4 marks)

(c) If the company repeated the random sampling process and subsequent 95% confidence interval calculations from part (b) a total of 40 times, how many of the intervals calculated would you expect to contain the true population mean? Justify your answer. (2 marks)

(11 marks)

Anh and Botan run a part time business updating websites, working for at least 30 hours a week between them. Anh can complete two jobs in an hour and Botan can complete three jobs in an hour. Anh uses resources that cost \$12 per hour while Botan uses resources that cost \$10 per hour. They have decided to spend no more than \$480 each week on resources and take on no more than 120 jobs.

Four of the boundaries representing these constraints (including $a \ge 0$ and $b \ge 0$) are shown on the graph below, where *a* represents the weekly hours worked by Anh and *b* the weekly hours worked by Botan.



(a) Write down one more constraint, add it to the graph above and clearly indicate the feasible region for the number of hours worked each week by Anh and Botan. (3 marks)

Anh and Botan make a profit of \$24 and \$30 respectively on **each job** they complete.

(b) Show that their combined profit **each week** is P(a,b) = 48a + 90b (1 mark)

CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

(c) Determine the hours that Anh and Botan should work to maximise their combined profit each week and state the maximum profit. Justify your answer. (3 marks)

(d) One week Botan reduces the amount he charges and so his profit on each job decreases from \$30 to \$k **per job**. As a result, the profit **per hour** for Botan becomes \$3k.

By how much can Botan's profit on each job be reduced so that the number of hours that Anh and Botan work remain the same? (4 marks)

See next page

(9 marks)

The acceleration, $a \text{ ms}^{-2}$, of an object moving in a straight line for an interval of 30 seconds is shown in the graph below. When t = 0, both the displacement, x m and velocity, $v \text{ ms}^{-1}$ of the object are zero.



For an acceleration–time graph, the velocity of the object at time t = k is the **signed area** (the resulting area after taking into consideration the sum of positive and negative areas) under the graph from time t = 0 to t = k.

(a) Find the area under the graph from t = 0 to t = 10. Hence write down the velocity of the object when t = 10. (3 marks)

(b) Find the area under the graph from t = 10 to t = 27. (3 marks) Hence determine the velocity of the object at t = 27. (c) The displacement of an object is a maximum when the velocity is zero.

Using the result from part (b), write down the **time** at which the displacement of the object is a maximum. (1 mark)

(d) An object achieves maximum velocity when the acceleration is zero.
By looking at the graph, state the **time** when the acceleration is zero.
Hence, using the result obtained in part (a), find the maximum velocity of the object.

(2 marks)

15

Question 20 (10 marks)

As part of a mathematics lesson, a teacher prepares some opaque (cannot see through) cloth bags, each containing seven similar balls, three coloured red and four coloured blue.

A student randomly draws four balls from their bag, one after the other, without replacement.

(a) What is the probability they draw one red and three blue balls in any order? (2 marks)

Let X be the discrete random variable representing the total number of blue balls drawn in a random drawing of four balls from a bag, without replacement.

(b) Explain why X is both a *discrete* and a *random* variable. (2 marks)

(c) Complete the graph below showing the probability distribution of *X*. (3 marks)



(d) All 22 students in the class draw four balls from their bags, without replacement. What is the probability that at least half of these students draw exactly one red ball? (3 marks)

CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

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(6 marks)

Question 21

The three vertices of $\triangle PQR$ lie on a circle with centre O.

Point *S* lies on *PQ* such that the lengths *PS* and *RS* are equal and $\angle QPR = x$.



(a) Explain why $\angle QOR = 2x$.

(b) Prove that *QROS* is a cyclic quadrilateral (all four vertices lie on the circumference of a circle). (4 marks)

Additional working space

Question number: _____

Additional working space

Question number: _____